

Investor Day

October 11, 2023

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This presentation regarding HashiCorp, Inc., referred to as "HashiCorp," "we," "us" or "our," has been prepared solely for informational purposes.

This presentation contains forward-looking statements about us and our industry that involve substantial risks and uncertainties, some of which cannot be predicted or quantified. All statements other than statements of historical fact contained in this presentation, including statements regarding our future results of operations or financial condition, business strategy and plans, and objectives of management for future operations, are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements because they contain words such as "anticipate," "believe," "continue," "continue," "estimate," "expect," "hope," "intend," "may," "might," "objective," "ongoing," "plan," "potential," "predict," "project," "should," "target," "will," or "would" or the negative of these words or other similar terms or expressions.

We have based the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation primarily on our current expectations and projections about future events and trends that we believe may affect our business, financial condition, results of operations, prospects, strategy, and financial needs. The outcome of the events described in these forward-looking statements is subject to risks, uncertainties, assumptions, and other factors, including, among other things, the success in selling our products, our financial results, and our operations, and the other risks, uncertainties, and assumptions. These and other important factors may cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Information regarding the foregoing and additional risks may be found in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on August 31, 2023, and our future reports to be filed with the SEC.

The forward-looking statements in this presentation are made only as of the date hereof. You should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements for any reason after the date of this presentation. This presentation also contains estimates and information concerning our industry, including market position, market size, and growth rates of the markets in which we participate that are based on industry publications and reports. This information involves a number of assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to these estimates.

In addition, projections, assumptions and estimates of our future performance and the future performance of the markets in which the Company operates are necessarily subject to a high degree of uncertainty and risk. We have not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of the data contained in these industry publications and reports.

This presentation includes certain financial measures that are not presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP"), such as Non-GAAP RPO, Non-GAAP Gross Margin and Non-GAAP operating expenses, to supplement financial information presented in accordance with GAAP. We are presenting these non-GAAP financial measures because we believe, and when taken collectively, they may be helpful to investors because they provide consistency and comparability with past financial performance by excluding certain items that may not be indicative of our business, results of operations, or outlook. However, non-GAAP financial measures have limitations in their usefulness to investors because they have no standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP and are not prepared under any comprehensive set of accounting rules or principles. Such non-GAAP financial measures should not be construed as alternatives to financial measures presented by other companies. The Company's presentation of such measures, which may include adjustments to exclude unusual or non-recurring items, should not be construed as an inference that the Company's future results will be unaffected by other unusual or non-recurring items. A reconciliation is provided at the end of this presentation for each non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable financial measure stated in accordance with GAAP.

Agenda

Section	Speaker
Opening Remarks	Alex Kurtz, VP Investor Relations & Corporate Development
Opportunity Ahead	Dave McJannet, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
Product Overview & Strategy	Armon Dadgar, Co-Founder and Chief Technology Officer
Go-To-Market	Susan St. Ledger, President, Worldwide Field Operations
Financial Performance	Navam Welihinda, Chief Financial Officer
Executive Q & A	Dave, Armon, Susan, Navam & Alex

HashiCorp

Dave McJannet

Chief Executive Officer

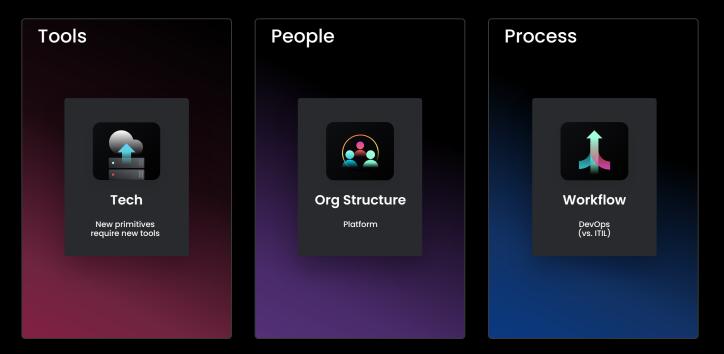


Opportunity Ahead

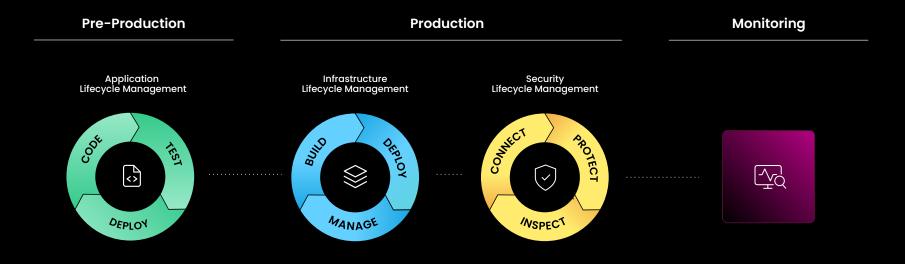
Continued Momentum on Cloud Adoption Progress on Our Integrated Platform Value Proposition Evolving and Simplifying Our Go-to-Market

Secular Trends Drive Key Changes

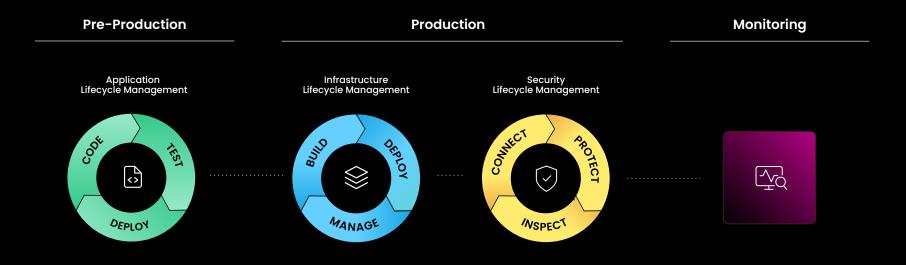
Workflow shift to cloud requires technology, organizational, workflow change



There Is a Well Understood Stack



Cloud is Driving a Tech Modernization Cycle

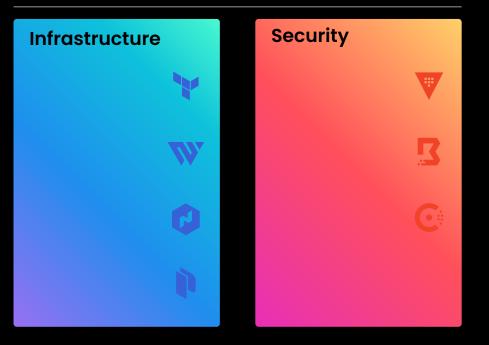


Our Opportunity



A Single Common Platform

The Infrastructure Cloud



Benefits

Reduced skills & organizational requirements to enable more rapid adoption.

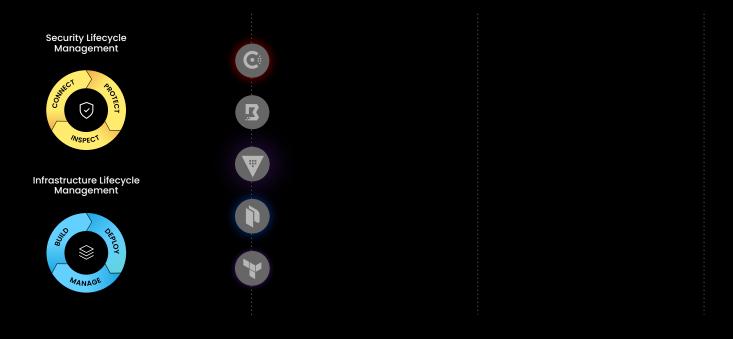
Single platform providing more complete solutions, and easier adoption of any given use case and product.

Consumption billing matching value to cost, and encouraging initial deal.

Unified data providing combined intelligence of cloud estate assisting risk management, and optimization.

Customer Growth on HCP Cloud

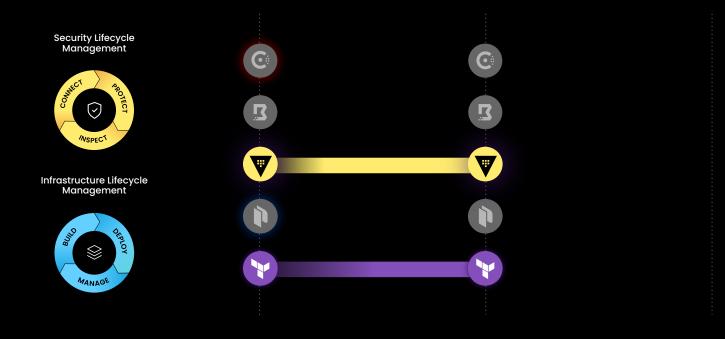
Singapore Press Holdings



Customer Adoption

Customer Growth on HCP Cloud

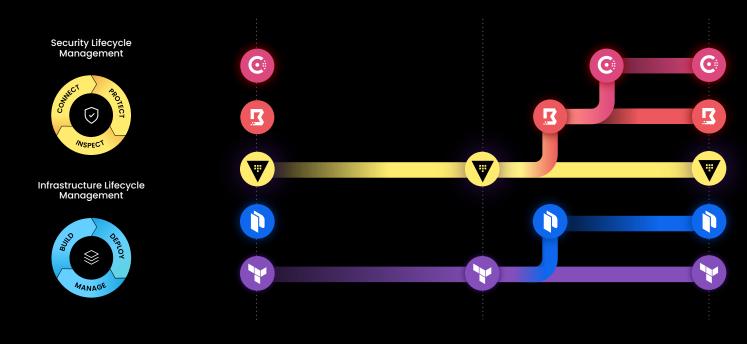
Singapore Press Holdings



Customer Adoption

Customer Growth on HCP Cloud

Singapore Press Holdings



Customer Adoption

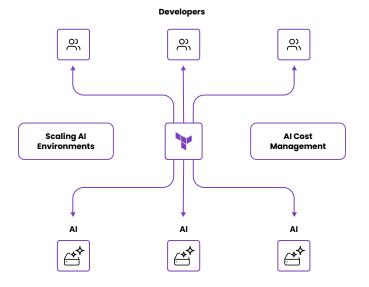
Building a Global Customer Base



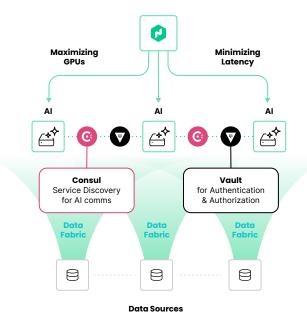
Powering AI Use Cases

Global Apparel Company

Allows developers to quickly scale up their Al workloads with Infrastructure-as-Code



Global Financial Services Company



Nomad orchestrates AI jobs

HashiCorp

Armon Dadgar

Chief Technology Officer and Co-Founder



Product Overview and Strategy

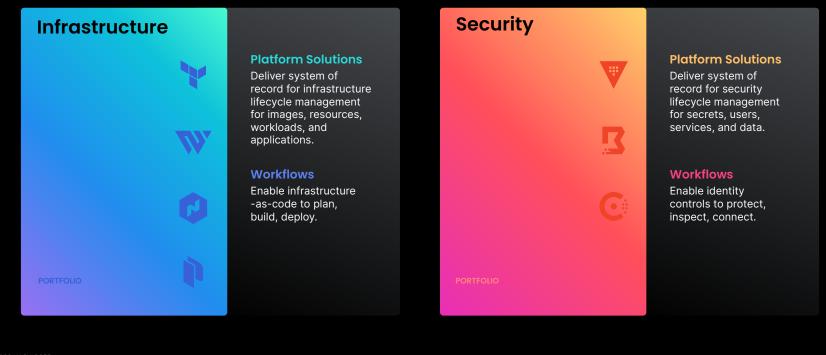
Lifecycle Management Integration

HashiConf Announcements Extending Secrets Management

Workflows and Integrated Platform Solutions

Integrated Platform Enabling End-to-End Lifecycle Management

The Infrastructure Cloud

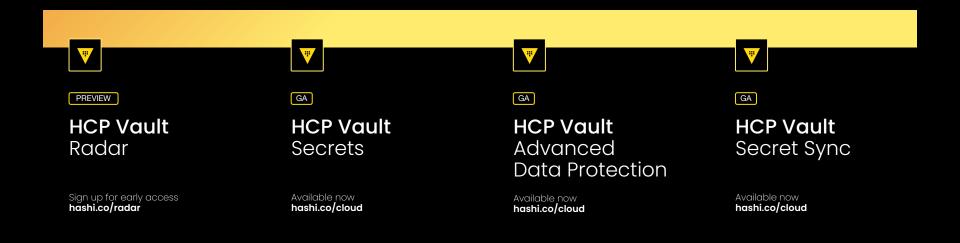


Building an End to End Platform for Secrets



Security Lifecycle Management

Providing Scanning, Synchronization and Cloud Native Secrets Management



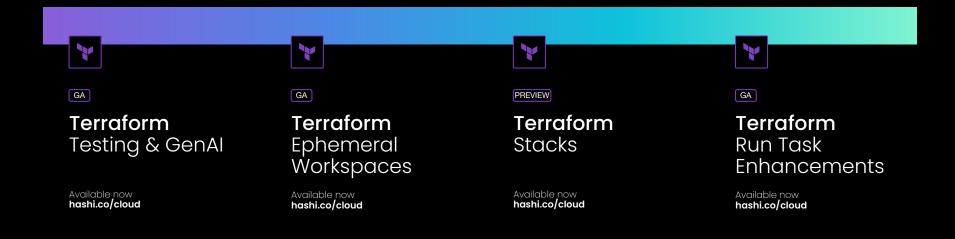
Security Lifecycle Management

Delivering Visibility, Observability, and Management for Service Networking



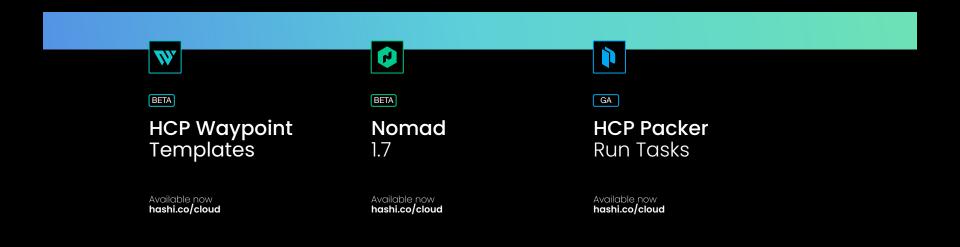
Infrastructure Lifecycle Management

Enhancing the Speed to Automate for Practitioners

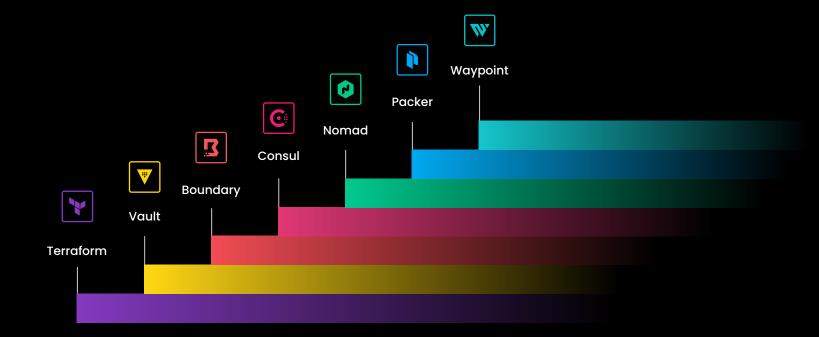


Infrastructure Lifecycle Management

Paving the Way for Internal Development Platforms



Delivering the Infrastructure Cloud





Susan St. Ledger

President, Worldwide Field Operations



Go-to-Market Simplification

Background and Bio Increasing Customer Centricity Faster Path to Success

Background

President of Worldwide Field Operations at HashiCorp. Oversees all aspects of the customer journey and maximizes the value they receive from our product suite — from initial deployment to customer and partner success, renewal, and expansion.

Before HashiCorp

oktα President of Worldwide Field Operations at Okta with ownership of worldwide sales, customer success and support, professional services, partner and channel ecosystems, marketing, brand, and business operations, growing the business from ~\$800M to \$1.8B.

splunk>

President of Worldwide Field Operations at Splunk. Built a multi-product, go-to-market SaaS organization and grew the business from nearly \$700M in revenue to almost \$2.5B, transforming from self-managed to cloud.



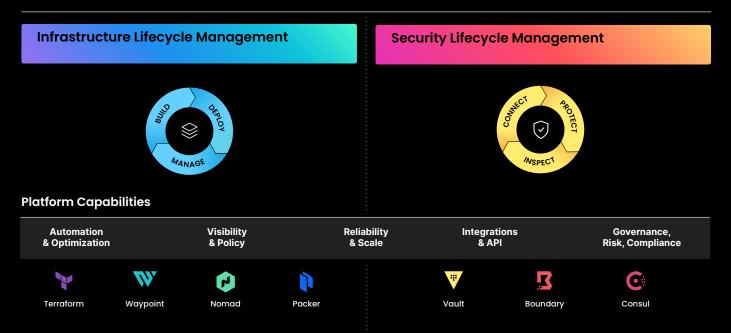
Executive leadership positions at Salesforce and Sun Microsystems, and began career as a software engineer at the National Security Agency.



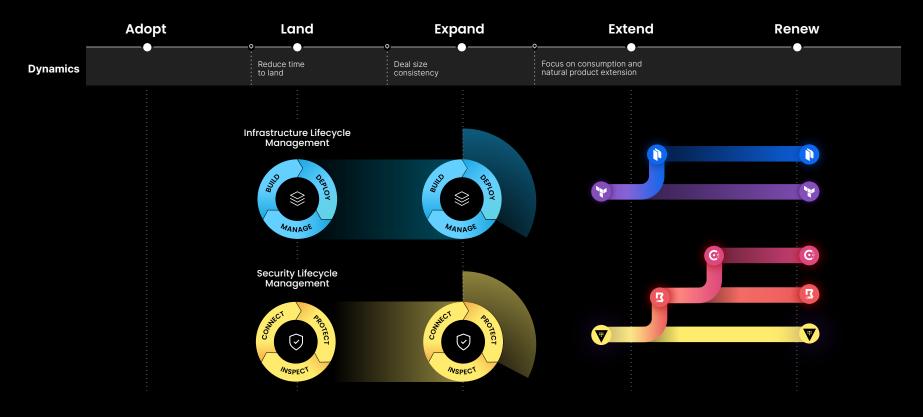
Earned BS in Computer Science from the University of Scranton.

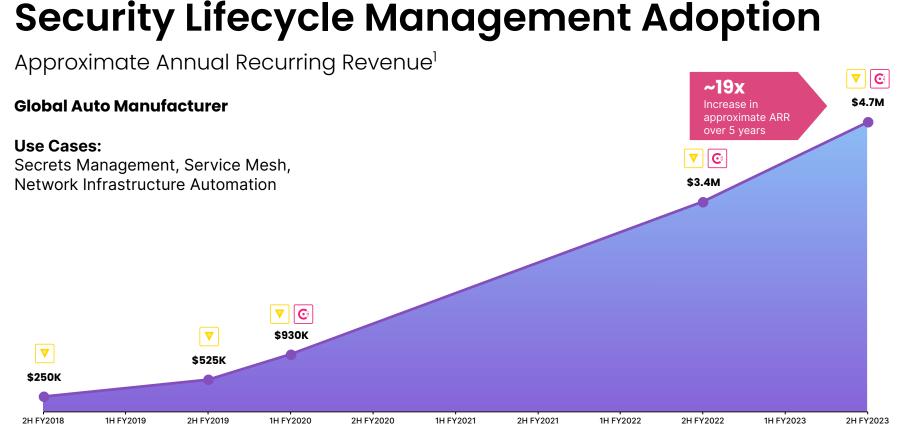
Simplifying Our Message

The Infrastructure Cloud



Achieving Fastest Path to Success





1. Our approximation of annual recurring revenue is calculated by a simple average of annual contract values from the indicated 2H FY and the prior 2HFY.

2. ARR is defined as the annualized value of all recurring subscription contracts with active entitlements as of the end of the applicable period, and in the case of our monthly, or consumption-based customers, the annual value of their last month's spend. For Consumption-based customers, ARR will be the annual value of their last 3 months' spend.

Steady Growth Among Top 10 Customers

Customer Industry	Starting ARR (M) ¹	2Q FY24 ARR (M)	Length of Customer Relationship (in Qs)	Terraform	Vault	Consul	Boundary
Financial Services	<\$1.0	\$10.0+	19		•		
Financial Services	<\$1.0	\$10.0+	22		■	-	
Financial Services	<\$1.0	\$5.0-10.0	19				
Retail	\$1.0-3.0	\$5.0-10.0	18		•		
Financial Services	\$1.0-3.0	\$5.0-10.0	15		■		
Retail	<\$1.0	\$5.0-10.0	15				
Information Technology	<\$1.0	\$5.0-10.0	20				
Financial Services	\$1.0-3.0	\$5.0-10.0	27				
Consulting	\$3.0+	\$5.0-10.0	19		•		
Information Technology	<\$1.0	\$5.0-10.0	18		•	-	

1. ARR is defined as the annualized value of all recurring subscription contracts with active entitlements as of the end of the applicable period, and in the case of our monthly, or consumption-based customers, ARR will be the annual value of their last 3 months' spend.

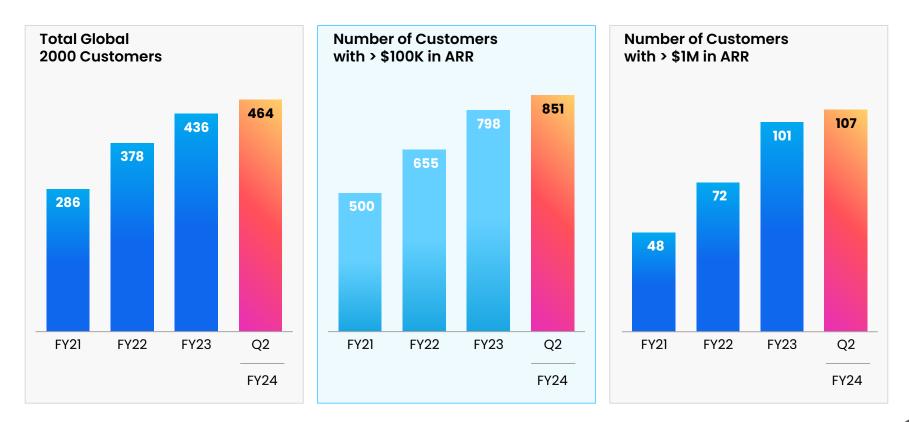


Navam Welihinda

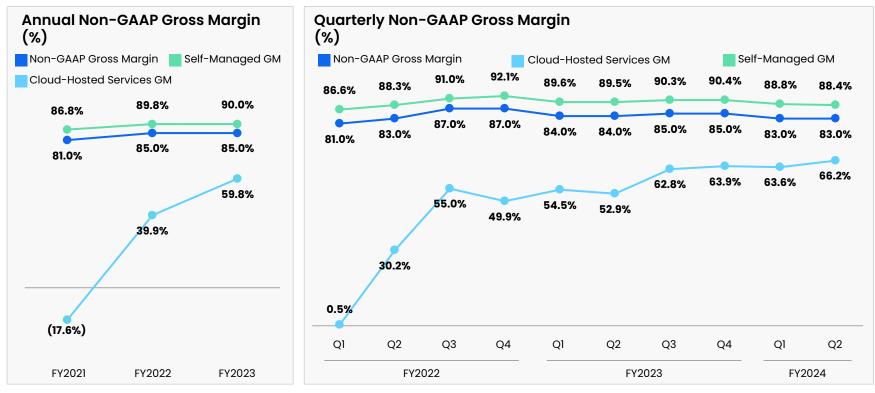
Chief Financial Officer



Focus on Customer Base Expansion

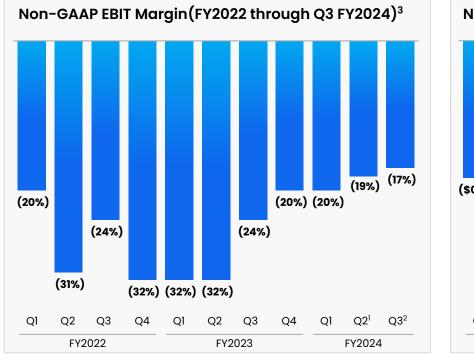


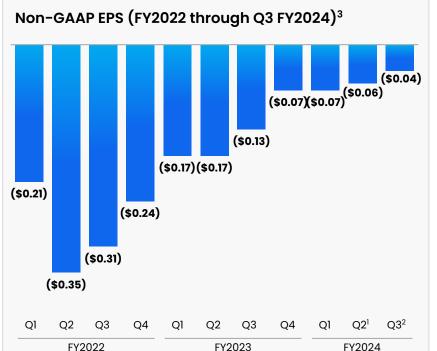
Focus on Maintaining Strong Gross Margin^{1, 2}



^{1.} Non-GAAP Gross Margin is calculated on a Non-GAAP basis. See appendix for a reconciliation of Non-GAAP financial measures. 2. Numbers may vary due to rounding

Focus on Improving Operating Leverage





1. Excludes \$7M in severance costs

2.Q3 FY2024 is midpoint guidance from Q2 FY2024 earnings.

3. See appendix for a reconciliation of Non-GAAP financial measures.

Long-Term Model Outlook

Metrics	FY2022 Actuals	FY2023 Actuals	FY2024 1H Actuals	FY2025	Long-Term Targets ¹
Revenue	\$321M	\$476M	\$281M		\$2B+
Non-GAAP Gross Margin	85%	85%	83%	Low-Mid 80s ²	78-80%
Sales & Marketing	64%	63%	58%	High 40s	28-30%
Research & Development	30%	31%	32%	Mid 20s	18-20%
General & Administrative	18%	17%	15%	Low Teens	6-8%
Operating Margin	-28%	-26%	-22%	(4%) -(6%)	20% +
				uarterly Non-GA break even 2H F	
TTM Free Cash Flow Margin	-20%	-20%	-10%	~5%	20% +

1. HashiCorp has not reconciled its expectations as to mid-term and long-term non-GAAP gross margin, non-GAAP sales & marketing expense, research & development expense, non-GAAP general & administrative expense, non-GAAP operating margin, and non-GAAP intervention of the most directly comparable GAAP measures. Due to the limited public trading history and significant volatility in the price of HashiCorp's common stock, certain items, which could be material, cannot be calculated without unreasonable efforts. In particular, the measures and effects of our stock-based compensation expense specific to our equity compensation awards and employer payroll tax-related items on employee stock transactions are directly impacted by the timing of employee stock transactions and unpredictable fluctuations in our stock price, which we expect to have a significant impact on our future GAAP financial results.
2.Higher Cloud mix expected to normalize our Gross Marqins in the High 70s.





Dave, Armon, Susan, Navam & Alex

F

Thank you

hello@hashicorp.com

Appendix

GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations

(\$'s in Millions)¹

				FY20	21			F١	2021				FY2	022				FY20	022				FY20	23			F	2023		FY2	2024	
		Q1	Q	2	Q3		Q4	8.18			Q1	1	Q2		23	C	24	_		Q		Q	2	Q3		Q4	10			Q1	1	Q2
Total Revenue	\$	44.3	\$ 5	50.5	\$ 55	5.2 \$	61.8	\$	211.9	\$	66.9	\$	75.1	\$	82.2	\$	96.6	\$ 3	20.8	\$ 10	0.9	\$ 1	13.9	\$ 125	.3 \$	135.8	\$	475.9	\$	138.0	\$	143.2
Sales and marketing (S&M) expense on a GAAP basis	\$	32.9	\$	43.1	\$ 31	1.9 \$	33.2	\$	141.0	\$	38.9	\$	50.0	\$	53.5	\$	127.1	\$ 26	69.5	\$ 8	0.3	\$ 8	37.7	\$ 92	.9 \$	95.0	\$	355.9	\$	90.6	\$	101.1
Less: Stock-based compensation expensel	\$	0.6	\$	9.5	\$ 0	0.6 \$	0.6	s	11.3	\$	0.7	\$	0.5	\$	0.5	\$	63.2	\$ (64.9	\$ 1	4.4	\$ 1	4.4	\$ 15	.4 \$	14.0	s	58.2	\$	(12.0)) \$	(15.4
Less: Amortization of acquired intangibles	\$		s	-	\$ -	S		\$	177	\$	-	s	-	\$	-	s	-	\$	-	s -		\$		\$ -	\$	- 1	\$	-	\$	-	s	(0.1
Non-GAAP S&M expense	\$	32.2	\$ 3	33.6	\$ 31	.3 \$	32.6	s	129.7	s	38.2	s	49.5	\$	53.0	\$	63.9	\$ 20	04.6	\$ 6	5.9	\$ 7	3.3	\$ 77	5 5	81.0	\$	297.7	\$	78.6	\$	85.6
Non-GAAP S&M expense as a % of total revenue		73.0%	6	6.0%	57.	.0%	53.0%		61.0%		57.0%		66.0%		64.0%	(66.0%	6	64.0%	6	5.3%	6	4.4%	61.	9%	59.6%		62.5%		57.0%	2	59.8%
Research and development (R&D) expense on a GAAP basis	\$	14.5	\$	19.8	\$ 1!	5.1 \$	15.9	\$	65.2	\$	18.1	s	24.9	\$	25.7	s	96.3	\$ 16	65.0	\$ 4	7.2	\$ 4	17.9	\$ 53	.9 9	\$ 46.4	\$	195.4	\$	54.2	\$	60.0
Less: Stock-based compensation expense ¹	\$	0.4	\$	4.7	\$ 0). <mark>4</mark> \$	0.4	\$	6.0	\$	0.4	\$	0.4	\$	0.4	\$	66.6	\$	67.9	\$ 1	4.7	\$ 1	10.5	\$ 15	.0 \$	6.0	\$	46.2	\$	(11.8)) \$	(13.0
Non-GAAP R&D expense	\$	14.1	\$	15.1	\$ 14	.6 \$	15.4	S	59.3	\$	17.7	\$	24.5	\$	25.3	s	29.7	S	97.1	\$ 3	2.4	\$ 3	7.4	\$ 38	.9 9	\$ 40.4	\$	149.1	\$	42.5	S	47.1
Non-GAAP R&D expense as a % of total revenue		32.0%	3	0.0%	26.	.0%	25.0%	_	28.0%	_	26.0%	8	33.0%		31.0%		31.0%	3	30.0%	3:	2.2%	3	2.8%	31.	0%	29.8%	_	31.3%	_	30.8%	\$	32.99
General and Administrative (G&A) expense on a GAAP basis	s	7.3	\$:	25.5	<mark>\$</mark> 7	7.3 \$	8.5	\$	48.5	\$	12.6	\$	12.4	\$	13.5	\$	73.6	s	112.1	\$ 3	2.5	\$ 3	5.4	\$ 33	.4 \$	\$ 33.7	\$	135.0	\$	34.3	\$	35.5
Less: Stock-based compensation expense ¹	s	0.7	\$	18.7	\$ 0	0.6 \$	0.5	\$	20.6	\$	0.5	\$	0.5	\$	0.4	s	52.5	\$!	53.8	\$ 1	3.8	\$	13.9	\$ 12	.7 \$	12.5	s	52.9	\$	(13.0)) \$	(13.7
Less: Acquisition-related expenses	\$	-	S		\$ -	s	-	\$	-	\$	-	s	-	\$	-	s		\$	-	s -		\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	s	-	s	(0.5
Non-GAAP G&A expense	\$	6.6	s	6.8	\$ 6	.7 \$	7.9	s	27.9	\$	12.2	\$	11.9	\$	13.1	\$	21.1	S 8	58.3	\$ 1	B.7	\$ 2	21.5	\$ 20	.7 \$	21.2	s	82.1	\$	21.3	\$	21.3
Non-GAAP G&A expense as a % of total revenue		15.0%		13.0%	12.	.0%	13.0%		13.0%	-	18.0%	2	16.0%		16.0%	2	22.0%	1	18.0%	18	.6%	1	8.8%	16.	5%	15.6%		17.3%		15.4%	6	14.8%

GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations (\$'s in Millions)¹

			FY2	021		FY2021		FY	2022		FY2022		FY	2023		FY2023	FY2	024
	QI		Q2	Q3	Q4		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		Q1	Q2
Total net loss per share on a GAAP basis	\$ (0	.31) \$	(0.78)	\$ (0.14	4) \$ (0.11)	\$ (1.32)	\$ (0.24)	\$ (0.37	\$ (0.:	33) \$ (1.70)	\$ (3.48)	\$ (0.4)) \$ (0.4) \$ (0.38	\$ (0.26)	\$ (1.47)	\$ (0.28)	\$ (0.34)
Add: Amortization of stock-based compensation capitalized in software																		
development costs	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	S -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.01	\$ -	\$ -
Add: Stock-based compensation expense ¹	\$ 0.0	3 \$	0.54	\$ 0.0	3 \$ 0.03	\$ 0.62	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.0	02 \$ 1.47	\$ 2.41	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.92	\$ (0.42)	\$ 0.24
Add: Adjustment to total fully diluted earnings per share ²	\$ -	\$	0.01	\$ (0.0) s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (0.01)	\$ -	\$ 0.01	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (0.01)	\$ -	\$ -
Add: Amortization of acquired intangibles	s -	S	-	s -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ -
Add: Acquisition-related expenses	\$ -	S	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ -
Non-GAAP net loss per share	\$ (0.	28) \$	(0.23)	\$ (0.1	2) \$ (0.08)	\$ (0.70)	\$ (0.21)	\$ (0.35	\$ (0.	31) \$ (0.24)	\$ (1.07)	\$ (0.17)) \$ (0.17) \$ (0.13	\$ (0.07)	\$ (0.55)	\$ (0.70)	\$ (0.10)
Weighted average shares, basic and diluted	6	51.1	62.2	64.9	9 65.2	63.4	65.7	66.5	66	.8 133.6	83.3	182.9	185.2	187.1	188.8	186.0	190.8	192.6
			FY2	021		FY2021		FY	2022		FY2022		FY	2023		FY2023	FY2	024
	QI		Q2	Q3	Q4		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		Q1	Q2
Total net loss on a GAAP basis	\$ (18	8.9) \$	(48.5)	\$ (9.3	3) \$ (6.9)	\$ (83.6)	\$ (15.6)	\$ (24.9	\$ (22	.0) \$ (227.7)	\$ (290.2)	\$ (78.2)) \$ (74.8) \$ (72.0	\$ (49.4)	\$ (274.4)	\$ (53.3)	\$ (66.3)
Add: Amortization of stock-based compensation capitalized in software	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.4	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.2	\$ 0.2	\$ 0.3	\$ 0.3	\$ 1.0	\$ 0.4	\$ 0.4
Add: Stock-based compensation expensel	\$.9 \$	33.9	\$ 1.	7 \$ 1.7	\$ 39.2	\$ 1.7	\$ 1.5	\$ 1	.5 \$ 195.7	\$ 200.40	\$ 46.2	\$ 42.4	\$ 46.7	\$ 35.7	\$ 171.0	\$ 40.2	\$ 46.2
Add: Amortization of acquired intangibles	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	S -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.5
Add: Acquisition-related expenses	\$ -	\$	-	S -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	S -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.5
Non-GAAP net loss	\$ (17	.0) \$	(14.6)	\$ (7.6	6) \$ (5.2)	\$ (44.4)	\$ (13.9)	\$ (23.4)	\$ (20	.5) \$ (31.6)	\$ (89.4)	\$ (31.8)	\$ (32.2) \$ (25.0)	\$ (13.4)	\$ (102.4)	\$ (12.7)	\$ (18.8)

1. In connection with tender offers and secondary sales of our common stock, stock-based compensation expense for fiscal 2020 and fiscal 2021, included \$1.5 million and \$32.1 million of expense, respectively, related to the amount paid in excess of the estimated fair value of common stock as of the date of the transactions.

2. The sum of the fully diluted earnings per share impact of individual reconciling items may not total to fully diluted Non-GAAP net loss per share due to the weighted-average shares used in computing the GAAP net loss per share differs from the weighted-average shares used in computing the Non-GAAP net loss per share and due to rounding of the individual reconciling items. The GAAP net loss per share calculation uses a lower share count as it excludes potentially dilutive shares, which are included in calculating the non-GAAP per share.

GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations

(\$'s in Millions)¹

				FY:	2021			FY20	021			FY2	022			FY2022			F	Y202	3		FY2023		FY20	24
	8	Ql	•	Q2	C	23	Q4			QI	9	Q2	Q3		Q4		QI		Q2		Q3	Q4		Q	(Q2
Total Revenue	\$	44.3	\$	50.5	\$	55.2	\$ 61.8	\$ 2	11.9	\$ 66.9	\$	75.1	\$ 8	2.2	\$ 96.6	\$ 320.8	\$ 100	.9	\$ 113.	9 \$	125.3	\$ 135.8	\$ 475.9	\$ 13	8.0	\$ 143.2
Total gross profit on a GAAP basis	\$	35.6	S	39.9	\$	44.9	\$ 50.4	\$ 17	0.8	\$ 54.2	\$	62.2	\$	71.1 \$	\$ 69.8	\$ 257.3	\$ 8	.5	\$ 92	3 \$	102.8	\$ 112.3	\$ 388.9	\$	11.2	\$ 113.9
Add: Amortization of stock-based compensation of capitalized internal-use																										
software	\$	-	S	-	\$	-	s -	\$ -		\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	9	6 0.4	\$ 0.4	\$ (.2	\$ 0	2 \$	0.3	\$ 0.3	\$ 1.0	\$	0.4	\$ 0.4
Add: Stock-based compensation expense in cost of revenue ¹	\$	0.1	\$	1.0	\$	0.1	\$ 0.1	\$	1.4	\$ 0.1	\$	0.1	\$ (0.2 \$	13.5	\$ 13.9	S C	.3	\$ 3.	6 \$	3.7	\$ 3.2	\$ 13.8	\$	3.4	\$ 4.
Add: Amortization of acquired intangibles	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	s -	\$ -		\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	9	5 -	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -	\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$.		\$ 0.4
Non-GAAP gross profit	\$	35.8	\$	40.9	S	45.0	\$ 50.5	\$ 17	2.2	\$ 54.4	s	62.3	\$ 7	1.3 9	\$ 83.7	\$ 271.6	\$ 85	.0	\$ 96	.1 \$	5 106.7	\$ 115.9	\$ 403.7	\$ 11	5.0	\$ 118.8
Non-GAAP gross margin		81.0%		81.0%		81.0%	82.0%	0	1.0%	81.0%		83.0%	07	.0%	87.0%	85.0%	84	2.70	84.4	10	85.2%	85.3%	84.8%	0.	3.3%	83.0
				FY:	2021			FY20	021			FY2	022			FY2022			F	Y202	3		FY2023		FY20	24
	12	Ql	•	Q2	c	23	Q4		10.52	QI	1	Q2	Q3		Q4	81	QI		Q2		Q3	Q4	10 N	Q	(Q2
Operating Loss	\$	(19.1)	\$	(48.4)	\$	(9.3)	\$ (7.1)	\$ (8	4.0)	\$ (15.4	s	(25.1)	\$ (2	1.5)	\$ (227.2)	\$ (289.2)	\$ (78	.4)	\$ (78	6) \$	(77.3)	\$ (62.9)	\$ (297.2)	\$ (6	7.8)	\$ (82.6
Add: Amortization of stock-based compensation of capitalized internal-use																										
software	s	-	S	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	9	0.4	\$ 0.4	\$ (.2	\$ 0	2 \$	0.3	\$ 0.3	\$ 1.0	\$	0.4	\$ 0.4
Add: Stock-based compensation expense ¹	\$	1.9	\$	33.9	\$	1.7	\$ 1.7	\$ 3	9.2	\$ 1.7	\$	1.5	\$	1.5 \$	195.7	\$ 200.4	\$ 46	.3	\$ 42	4 \$	46.7	\$ 35.8	\$ 171.2	\$ 4	0.2	\$ 46.
Add. stock-based compensation expense																¢ - 2	\$ -		÷ -	0						\$ 0.5
	s	-	\$	-	\$	-	s -	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	3	,	Ŷ	7		ə –	Э	-	\$ -	s -	\$.		
Add: Anortization of acquired intangibles Add: Acquisition-related expenses	s	-	s s	-	s s	-	s - s -	\$ - \$ -		\$ - \$ -	\$	-	\$ - \$ -	3	; -	\$ -	\$ -		s -	\$	-	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ -		\$ 0.5
Add: Amortization of acquired intangibles	s	-	s s s	- (14.5)	\$ \$ \$	- - (7.6)	\$ - \$ - \$ (5.5)	\$ - \$ - \$ (4 4	4.8)	\$ - \$ - \$ (13.7)	\$ \$ \$	- (23.6)	\$ - \$ (20	3 5 0.0) 5	5 - 5 (31.1)	\$ - \$ (88.4)	\$ -	.0)	\$ - \$ (36.	s ()	- 5 (30.4)	\$ - \$ - \$ (26.8)	\$ - \$ - \$ (125.1)	Ŷ		\$ 0.5 \$ (35.1

GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations (\$'s in Millions)¹

				FY	2021				FY	2021				FY	2022				F	2022				FY2	2023				FY	2023		FY2	2024	
	_	Q1	1	Q2	10	Q3	(Q4				QI		Q2		Q3		Q4			1	QI		Q2		23	(Q4	-		1	Q1	1	Q2
GAAP gross profit of license revenue	\$	6.7	\$	8.3	\$	9.2	\$	11.5	\$	35.7	\$	10.1	\$	11.8	\$	9.9	\$	15.6	\$	47.3	\$	10.0	\$	15.0	\$	17.4	\$	20.2	\$	62.5	\$	14.6	\$	16.2
Add: Amortization of stock-based compensation of capitalized internal-use																																		
software	\$	-	\$	-	\$	Ξ.	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	S		s		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	S	-	\$	-	\$	-	S	-	\$	-	\$	-
Add: Stock-based compensation expense	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	s	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Non-GAAP gross profit of license revenue	s	6.7	s	8.3	s	9.2	s	11.5	s	35.7	\$	10.1	\$	11.8	\$	9.9	s	15.6	\$	47.3	s	10.0	s	15.0	\$	17.4	\$	20.2	s	62.5	\$	14.6	\$	16.2
Non-GAAP gross margin of license revenue		98.5%		98.3%		98.3%	5	98.8%		98.5%		99.2%	6	99.6%		99.6%		99.7%		99.5%		96.2%	i.	97.7%		97.8%		97.1%		97.3%		96.1%		97.09
GAAP gross profit of support revenue	\$	29.5	S	32.7	\$	36.3	\$	39.9	\$	138.4	\$	44.3	\$	49.9	\$	58.0	\$	57.3	\$	209.5	\$	68.4	\$	72.0	\$	77.4	\$	84.0	\$	301.7	\$	87.1	\$	87.7
Add: Amortization of stock-based compensation of capitalized internal-use																																		
software	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	s	-	s	-	S	-	\$	-	\$	-	s	-	s	-	\$	-	\$	-	s	-	\$	-	\$	-
Add: Stock-based compensation expense	s	0.1	\$	0.8	\$	0.1	\$	0.1	\$	1.1	\$	0.1	\$	0.1	\$	0.2	\$	7.7	\$	8.1	\$	2.0	\$	2.2	\$	2.2	\$	2.2	\$	8.5	\$	2.3	\$	2.8
Non-GAAP gross profit of support revenue	s	29.6	\$	33.4	\$	36.4	\$	40.0	\$	139.5	\$	44.4	s	50.0	\$	58.2	s	65.0	\$	217.6	\$	70.3	s	74.2	\$	79.5	s	86.2	\$	310.2	\$	89.4	\$	90.5
Non-GAAP gross margin of support revenue		83.2%		83.5%		85.0%		84.9%		84.2%		84.2%	6	86.0%		89.7%		90.5%		87.9%		88.8%		88.1%		88.8%		89.0%		88.7%		87.7%		87.0
GAAP gross profit of Cloud-hosted services revenue	S	0.1	\$	0.0	S	(0.7)	\$	(0.2)	\$	(0.7)	\$	0.0	\$	1.1	\$	2.8	\$	0.6	\$	4.6	s	4.0	s	4.9	\$	7.0	s	8.3	\$	24.3	\$	9.5	\$	10.8
Add: Amortization of stock-based compensation of capitalized internal-use																																		
software	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	171	S		s	-	S		s	0.4	\$	0.4	\$	0.2	\$	0.2	S	0.3	s	0.3	\$	1.0	\$	0.4	\$	0.4
Add: Stock-based compensation expense	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0.0	\$	0.0	\$	0.0	\$	2.5	\$	2.5	s	0.6	\$	0.7	s	0.8	s	0.6	\$	2.8	\$	0.6	\$	0.6
Add: Amortization of acquired intangibles	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	s	-	s	-	s	-	\$	-	\$	-	s	-	s	-	s	-	\$	-	s	-	\$	-	\$	0.4
Non-GAAP gross profit of Cloud-hosted services revenue	s	0.1	\$	0.0	s	(0.7)	\$	(0.2)	s	(0.7)	\$	0.0	\$	1.1	\$	2.8	s	3.5	\$	7.4	s	4.8	s	5.8	s	8.1	s	9.3	s	28.0	\$	10.5	\$	12.2
Non-GAAP gross margin of Cloud-hosted services revenue	_	22.0%		5.2%		-71.9%		-9.5%	-	-17.6%	-	0.5%	6	30.2%		52.9%		49.9%		39.9%		54.5%		55.0%	1	62.8%		63.9%		59.8%	8	63.6%		66.3%

GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations (\$'s in Millions)¹

				FY20	21			F	2021				FY2	022				FY20	022				FY20	023			FY	2023		FY2	2024	
	1	21	Q2		Q3		Q4			1	QI)	Q2	(23	Q4				C	21	Q	2	Q3		Q4)	Q1	1	Q2
GAAP gross profit of Total subscription revenue	S	36.3	\$ 40	.9 9	\$ 44.8	3 \$	51.3	\$	173.4	\$	54.4	\$	62.8	\$	70.7	\$ 73	3.5	\$ 2	61.4	s	82.3	\$ 9	91.9	\$ 101.	8 5	\$ 112.5	\$	388.5	\$	111.2	\$	114.7
Add: Amortization of stock-based compensation of capitalized internal-use	\$	-	s -	\$	ŝ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (0.4	\$	0.4	s	0.2	\$	0.2	\$ 0	3	\$ 0.3	\$	1.0	\$	0.4	\$	0.4
software																																
Add: Stock-based compensation expense	\$	0.1	\$ 0	.8	\$ 0.	1 \$	0.1	s	1.1	\$	0.1	\$	0.1	\$	0.2	\$ 10	0.2	s	10.6	s	2.6	\$	2.9	\$ 2	9	\$ 2.8	\$	11.2	\$	2.9	\$	3.4
Add: Amortization of acquired intangibles	s	-	s -	5	s –	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -		\$	-	\$	-	s -		s -	5	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0.4
Non-GAAP gross profit of Total subscription revenue	s	36.5	\$ 41	.7 :	\$ 44.9	\$	51.4	s	174.4	s	54.5	\$	62.9	\$	70.9	\$ 84	.0	\$ 2	72.3	s	85.1	\$ 9	5.0	\$ 105.	0	\$ 115.6	s	400.8	\$	114.5	\$	118.9
Non-GAAP gross margin of Total subscription revenue		84.7%	84.	9%	84.4	%	84.9%		84.7%		83.2%		85.3%	ĺ	88.5%	89	.0%	8	6.8%	8	86.5%	8	6.2%	87.4	1%	87.5%		86.9%		85.7%	ò	85.5%
GAAP gross profit of Professional services and other	\$	(0.7)	\$ (.0)	\$ 0.	1 \$	(0.9)	\$	(2.6)	\$	(0.1)	\$	(0.6)	\$	0.4	\$ (:	3.7)	\$	(4.0)	\$	(0.8)	\$	0.4	\$ 1.	0	\$ (0.2)	\$	0.4	\$	(-)	\$	(0.8)
Add: Amortization of stock-based compensation of capitalized internal-use																																
software	S	-	s -		\$ -	\$		\$	171	\$	-	\$	7	\$		\$ -		\$	-	\$	-	s -		s -		\$ -	\$	1.7	\$		\$	-
Add: Stock-based compensation expense	\$	0.0	\$ 0	.2	\$ 0.0	\$	0.0	\$	0.3	\$	0.0	\$	0.0	\$	0.0	\$ 3	3.3	\$	3.4	\$	0.7	\$	0.7	\$ 0	7	\$ 0.5	\$	2.6	\$	0.5	\$	0.7
Non-GAAP gross profit of Professional services and other	\$	(0.7)	\$ (0	.8)	\$ 0.	\$	(0.9)	s	(2.3)	\$	(0.1)	\$	(0.6)	\$	0.4	\$ (0	.3)	\$	(0.7)	s	(0.1)	\$	1.1	\$ 1.	7	\$ 0.2	s	2.9	\$	0.5	\$	(0.1)
Non-GAAP gross margin of Professional services and other	-	54.5%	-56	3%	3.9	%	-66.7%		-37.9%		-8.6%	-	42.9%		19.2%	-15	.2%	-	9.2%	5	3.5%	29	9.6%	33.	2%	6.8%		19.7%		11.4%	6	-2.4%

GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations (\$'s in Millions)¹

		FY2	2021		FY2021		FY2	022		FY2022		FY20	023		FY2023	FY20	024
	QI	Q2	Q3	Q4		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		Q1	Q2
Total TTM GAAP net cash from operating activities	\$ (45.1)	\$ (39.6)	\$ (48.7)	\$ (39.6)	\$ (39.6)	\$ (20.5)	\$ (40.7)	\$ (55.8)	\$ (56.2)	\$ (56.2)	\$ (72.3)	\$ (100.9)	\$ (93.0)	\$ (84.5)	\$ (84.5)	\$ (66.9)	\$ (43.4)
Add: Purchases of property and equipment	\$ (4.0)	\$ (4.6)	\$ (5.1)	\$ (4.3)	\$ (4.3)	\$ (1.3)	\$ (0.7)	\$ (0.2)	\$ (0.2)	\$ (0.2)	\$ (0.2)	\$ (0.2)	\$ (0.3)	\$ (0.3)	\$ (0.3)	\$ (0.4)	\$ (0.6)
Add: Capitalized internal-use software	\$ (0.4)	\$ (1.0)	\$ (1.9)	\$ (2.9)	\$ (2.9)	\$ (3.9)	\$ (4.7)	\$ (5.7)	\$ (6.4)	\$ (6.4)	\$ (6.6)	\$ (7.1)	\$ (7.9)	\$ (8.7)	\$ (8.7)	\$ (2.7)	\$ (10.9)
Non-GAAP TTM Free Cash Flow	\$ (49.5)	\$ (45.2)	\$ (55.6)	\$ (46.8)	\$ (46.8)	\$ (25.7)	\$ (46.2)	\$ (61.6)	\$ (62.8)	\$ (62.8)	\$ (79.1)	\$ (108.2)	\$ (101.2)	\$ (93.5)	\$ (93.5)	\$ (70.0)	\$ (54.9)
Non-GAAP TTM Free Cash Flow Margin	-35.0%	-27.0%	-29.0%	-22.0%	-22.0%	-11.0%	-18.0%	-22.0%	-20.0%	-20.0%	-22.3%	-27.5%	-23.2%	-19.6%	-19.6%	-13.6%	-10.1%